

**MICHIGAN EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACT (EXCERPT)**  
**Act 1 of 1936 (Ex. Sess.)**

**421.32a Review of determination; redetermination; notice; reconsideration; applicability of disqualification or ineligibility to compensable period; finality of redetermination; additional transfer provisions.**

Sec. 32a. (1) Upon application by an interested party for review of a determination, upon request for transfer to an administrative law judge for a hearing filed with the unemployment agency within 30 days after the mailing or personal service of a notice of determination, or upon the unemployment agency's own motion within that 30-day period, the unemployment agency shall review any determination. After review, the unemployment agency shall issue a redetermination affirming, modifying, or reversing the prior determination and stating the reasons for the redetermination, or may in its discretion transfer the matter to an administrative law judge for a hearing. If a redetermination is issued, the unemployment agency shall promptly notify the interested parties of the redetermination, the redetermination is final unless within 30 days after the mailing or personal service of a notice of the redetermination an appeal is filed with the unemployment agency for a hearing on the redetermination before an administrative law judge in accordance with section 33.

(2) The unemployment agency may, for good cause, including any administrative clerical error, reconsider a prior determination or redetermination after the 30-day period has expired and after reconsideration issue a redetermination affirming, modifying, or reversing the prior determination or redetermination, or transfer the matter to an administrative law judge for a hearing. A reconsideration shall not be made unless the request is filed with the unemployment agency, or reconsideration is initiated by the unemployment agency with notice to the interested parties, within 1 year from the date of mailing or personal service of the original determination on the disputed issue.

(3) If an interested party fails to file a protest within the 30-day period and the unemployment agency for good cause reconsiders a prior determination or redetermination and issues a redetermination, a disqualification, or an ineligibility imposed thereunder, other than an ineligibility imposed due to receipt of retroactive pay, the redetermination, disqualification, or ineligibility does not apply to a compensable period for which benefits were paid or are payable unless the benefits were obtained as a result of an administrative clerical error, a false statement, or a nondisclosure or misrepresentation of a material fact by the claimant. However, the redetermination is final unless within 30 days after the date of mailing or personal service of the notice of redetermination an appeal is filed for a hearing on the redetermination before an administrative law judge in accordance with section 33.

(4) In addition to the transfer provisions in subsections (1) and (2), both of the following apply:

(a) If both the claimant and the employer agree, the matter may be transferred directly to an administrative law judge in a case involving the payment of unemployment benefits.

(b) If both the unemployment agency and the employer agree, the matter may be transferred directly to an administrative law judge in a case involving unemployment contributions or reimbursements in lieu of contributions.

**History:** Add. 1941, Act 364, Imd. Eff. July 1, 1941;—CL 1948, 421.32a;—Am. 1951, Act 251, Imd. Eff. June 17, 1951;—Am. 1955, Act 281, Eff. July 15, 1955;—Am. 1957, Act 311, Imd. Eff. June 21, 1957;—Am. 1965, Act 281, Eff. Sept. 5, 1965;—Am. 1971, Act 231, Imd. Eff. Jan. 3, 1972;—Am. 1974, Act 11, Imd. Eff. Feb. 15, 1974;—Am. 1975, Act 110, Eff. June 8, 1975;—Am. 1983, Act 164, Eff. Oct. 1, 1983;—Am. 1996, Act 503, Imd. Eff. Jan. 9, 1997;—Am. 2011, Act 269, Imd. Eff. Dec. 19, 2011.